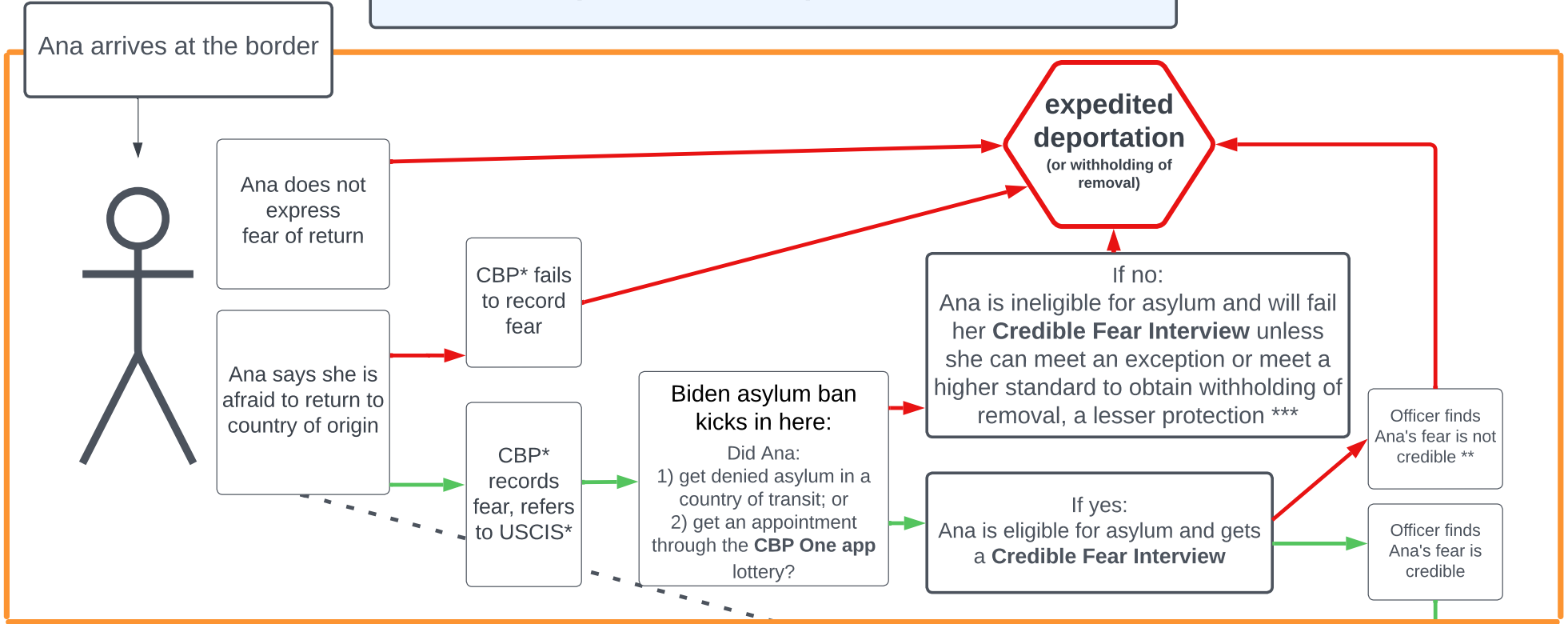


# Expedited Removal: Rushed Deportations, Compromised Due Process



## The orange box shows a process called Expedited Removal.

People arriving at the U.S. border fleeing violence or other harms can be deported within a matter of days without ever seeing an immigration judge using Expedited Removal.

There is NO obligation for the Department of Homeland Security to use Expedited Removal. Instead, they can use their discretion to send arriving asylum seekers to have a fair hearing in front of an immigration judge.

Most people are detained when in Expedited Removal, while some families in the Family Expedited Removal Management (FERM) program are under ankle monitors and house arrest.

\* USCIS = U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services

\* CBP = Customs and Border Protection

\*\* Ana may seek Immigration Judge review of a negative fear determination.

\*\*\* Exceptions include acute medical emergencies, imminent threat to life or safety, or trafficking victim. The burden is on Ana to prove she falls in an exception. If no exception, Biden's asylum ban requires Ana to prove her fear of persecution or torture under a newly heightened standard for a lesser protection known as "withholding" or "deferral of removal"; even if she prevails and wins withholding, Ana would continue to be at risk of deportation to other countries, be permanently separated from her family, and have no pathway to citizenship.